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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/666,509	09/20/2000	Noah Prywes	367059-101	6955	
40947	7590 05/17/2006		EXAMINER		
STUART RUDOLER LLC			SHINGLES,	SHINGLES, KRISTIE D	
ATTN: DOCK 2 BALA PLA	ZA, SUITE 300		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
	/YD, PA 19004	2141			
			DATE MAILED: 05/17/2006	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		A If a Alama NI.	[ [ ]			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summer:		09/666,509	PRYWES, NOAH			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Kristie Shingles	2141			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication r Reply	appears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RECHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING isions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR (SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state ply received by the Office later than three months after the med patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be ti riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron atute, cause the application to become ABANDONI	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed on O	6 April 2005.				
<u> </u>		This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5,8,35-37,43,46,47,50 and 53</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>58-68</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,5,8,35-37,43,46,47,50 and 53</u> is/are rejected.					
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)[	Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	d/or election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
a)l	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document of the	nents have been received. Hents have been received in Applica Priority documents have been receiver Freau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ved in this National Stage			
2) Notice 3) Information Paper	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB or No(s)/Mail Date					

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Response to Amendment

Applicant has cancelled claims 2-4, 6, 7, 9-34, 38-42, 44, 45, 48, 49, 51, 52 and 54-57. Claims 58-68 have been withdrawn.

### Claims 1, 5, 8, 35-37, 43, 46, 47, 50 and 53 are pending.

# Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see Remarks pages 11-13, filed 4/6/2005, with respect to the rejection(s) of claim(s) 1-57 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of in view of *Link II et al* (US 6,738,616) and further in view of *Owens et al* (US 2004/0005040).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. <u>Claims 1, 5, 8, 43, 46, 47, 50 and 53</u> are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Nielsen* (US 6,108,688) in view of *Link II et al* (US 6,738,616).

a. **Per claims 1, 46 and 47** (differ only by statutory class), *Nielsen* teaches a method, system, computer-readable medium of automatically forwarding a response to a message to the sender of the message, comprising:

• (a) prompting the sender to provide a message; (b) prompting the sender to identify a recipient, the recipient having a plurality of associated contact numbers (col.1 lines 44-48, col.4 lines 13-19, col.8 lines 10-18 and 20-27; where if the system is able to contact the recipient by pager, email, phone, etc. it must also be able to associate each contact number with the proper receiving device to be able to execute the proper method of contact);

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• (d) sending the message provided in response to step (a) to the associated contact number to which the message has not yet been sent; (e) prompting the recipient of the message to provide a reply to the message; (f) waiting at least a predetermined amount of time; (g) if no response to the message is received, repeating steps (d) through (g) with respect to the next associated contact number until a response is received or the message has been sent to all associated contact numbers; and (h) forwarding the response to the sender (col.2 lines 4-30 and lines 57-67; where the email address of the recipient is ranked as first to contact and after no response a phone number, pager number, or faxed number is ranked next to contact the recipient).

Nielsen fails to explicitly teach prompting a user to rank the associated contact numbers. However, Link II et al teach (c) prompting a user to rank the associated contact numbers relating to the recipient identified in response to step (b) from highest to lowest; (d) sending the message provided in response to step (a) to the highest ranked associated contact number to which the message has not yet been sent; (e) prompting the recipient of the message to provide a reply to the message; (f) waiting at least a predetermined amount of time; (g) if no response to the message is received, repeating steps (d) through (g) with respect to the next highest ranked associated contact number until a response is received or the message has been sent to all associated contact numbers (Figure 9, col.3 lines 38-56, col.5 lines 14-28, col.7 lines 50-61, col.15 line 43-col.16 line 45). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

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art at the time the invention was made to combine the teachings of Nielsen with Link II et al by

prompting a user to rank the associated contact numbers because the sender may know which

contact numbers the recipient is more likely to be able to be reached at thus decreasing response

time because there will be fewer loops through the contact list before the recipient responds to

the message thus making the system more efficient.

b. Per claim 5, Nielsen in view of Link II et al teach the method of claim 1, Nielsen

further teach wherein the channel of communication utilized by the recipient for sending the

response is different from the channel of communication utilized by the sender for sending the

message (col.2 lines 4-30).

c. Per claim 8, Nielsen in view of Link II et al teach the method of claim 1, Nielsen

further teach wherein the channel of communication utilized by the sender for sending the

message is by automated telephone call (col.2 lines 28-30).

d. Claim 50 is substantially similar to claim 8 and is therefore rejected under the

same basis.

e. **Per claim 43,** Nielsen in view of Link II et al teach the method of claim 1, Nielsen

further teach wherein the message provided by the sender in response to step (a) comprises a

plurality of questions; and wherein the recipient is prompted in step (e) to provide an answer to

each question in the sender's message (col.3 lines 8-26).

Per claim 53, Nielsen in view of Link II et al teach the method of claim 47,

Nielsen further teach wherein said input device comprises a microphone (col.3 lines 36-40, Link

II et al: col.5 lines 14-19).

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4. Claims 35-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Nielsen* 

(US 6,108,688) in view of Link II et al (US 6,738,616) and further in view of Owens et al (US

2004/0005040).

a. Per claim 35, Nielsen in view of Link II et al teach the method of claim 1 as

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applied above, yet fail to explicitly teach, further comprising: (i) converting a verbal message

provided by the sender in response to step (a) into textual form. However, Owens et al teach a

text-to-voice converter enabling the conversion textual messages into voice messages and vice-

versa (Abstract, Figure 1, page 1 paragraph 0009-00010, page 2 paragraphs 0013-0014). It would

have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to

combine the teachings of Nielsen and Link II et al with Owens et al to provision text-to-

voice/speech conversion in order to adequately convert the messages into the format appropriate

for the receiving device.

b. Claim 37 is substantially similar to claim 35 and is therefore rejected under the

same basis.

c. Per claim 36, Nielsen and Link II et al with Owens et al teach the method of

claim 35, Nielsen further teach wherein the message is sent to at least one recipient by e-mail

(col.1 lines 54-57; Link II et al: col.7 lines 55-61; Owens et al: page 1 paragraphs 0009-00010).

Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure: Weiss et al (6,313,734), Wick et al (5,796,394), Brachman et al (6,501,838),

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Wierzbitzki et al (6,807,268), Myers et al (2004/0057562), Ditzik (6,167,376), Owens et al

(6,633,630).

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Kristie Shingles whose telephone number is 571-272-3888. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30-6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Rupal Dharia can be reached on 571-272-3880. The fax phone number for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

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system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Kristie Shingles Examiner Art Unit 2141

kds

JASON CARDONE PERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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